

TECHNICAL NOTE

D-1078

FOURIER SERIES OPERATING PACKAGE

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SUMMARY

This report presents a computer program for multiplying, adding, differentiating, integrating, "barring" and scalarly multiplying "literal" Fourier series as such, and for extracting the coefficients of specified terms.

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INTRODUCTION

The Hansen Satellite Theory as modified by Musen¹ involves various manipulations of "literal" Fourier series, as such, before final numerical evaluation. To program this formulation it is necessary to represent cosines, sines, and constants in a special manner and thus manipulate the various Fourier series.

SPECIAL REPRESENTATION OF A SINE, COSINE, OR CONSTANT

It was decided to represent any term, including the constant term, of the Fourier series we are concerned with by two consecutive eight-place floating-point words. The terms of this series have the general form

$$A_n \cos (iF + jE + kW + lU)$$

or

$$A_n \sin (iF + jE + kW + lU)$$

and the values of F, E, W, and U are not used until final numerical evaluation. The first eight-place floating-point word represents the coefficient A_n in an entirely standard manner. The second eight-place floating-point word represents the sine or cosine term of up to four arguments in an *artificial* manner.

¹Musen, P., "A Modified Hansen's Theory as Applied to the Motion of Artificial Satellites," NASA Technical Note D-492, November 1960.

Consider a term such as $A_n \cos (iF + jE + kW + lU)$. Until this term is evaluated we are concerned only with the values of A_n , i , j , k , and l . The coefficient A_n is represented by the first of the two eight-digit floating-point words. The four coefficients of the arguments (i , j , k , and l) are each represented by two digits of the second eight-place floating-point word. The first two digits represent i and are normalized to 00; the next three pairs of digits represent j , k , and l , and are normalized to 50. Thus, the value of i may vary from 0 to 99, while j , k , and l may vary from -49 to +49. A cosine is denoted by a plus sign; a sine by a minus sign, that is, $1 \cos (0F + 0E + 0W + 0U)$ or $\cos (0)$ becomes +10000000 + 01, +00505050 + 08. Any constant term can be represented as $A_n \cos (0)$. A few additional examples will be helpful (see also Appendix A):

<u>Conventional</u>	<u>Special</u>
$1/4 \cos (1F + 2E - 3W - 2U)$	25000000 + 00, +01524748 + 08
$1/4 \sin (0F + 1E - 0W + 2U)$	25000000 + 00, -00515052 + 08
$1/4$	25000000 + 00, +00505050 + 08
0	00000000 + 00, +00505050 + 08

The convention of having the first non-zero coefficient of the argument word positive was adopted. $\cos(-x)$ becomes $\cos(x)$ and $\sin(-x)$ becomes $-\sin(x)$. Examples are:

$(1/2) \cos (0F - 3E + 1W + 0U)$ becomes $(1/2) \cos (0F + 3E - 1W + 0U)$
and the special representation is 50000000 + 00, + 00534950 + 08

$(1/2) \sin (0F - 3E + 1W + 0U)$ becomes $-(1/2) \sin (0F + 3E - 1W + 0U)$
and the special representation is -50000000 + 00 - 00534950 + 08.

The first location address of a series contains the number of terms of the series. A series of n terms would be represented by $2n + 1$ words the first of which would be the number n .

THE FOURIER OPERATING PACKAGE

The following series operations are performed by the Fourier Operating Package:

- Multiplication
- Addition and Subtraction
- Differentiation
- Integration
- Bar (Special operation used in the Hansen satellite theory)
- Scalar Multiplication
- Coefficient Extraction
- Series Evaluation

Multiplication

Multiplication of two series, where the terms are of the general form described earlier and the values of F, E, W, and U are not used until the final numerical evaluation, is according to the conventional trigonometric identities:

$$A \cos X \cdot B \cos Y = (AB/2) \cos (X+Y) + (AB/2) \cos (X-Y)$$

$$A \cos X \cdot B \sin Y = (AB/2) \sin (X+Y) - (AB/2) \sin (X-Y)$$

$$A \sin X \cdot B \cos Y = (AB/2) \sin (X+Y) + (AB/2) \sin (X-Y)$$

$$A \sin X \cdot B \sin Y = (AB/2) \cos (X+Y) - (AB/2) \cos (X-Y)$$

The Fourier Multiplication routine is composed of three major sections: the multiplier, the collapser, and the arranger.

The Multiplier

Two Fourier series such as

$$A_1 A_1^* + A_2 A_2^* + A_3 A_3^* + \dots + A_n A_n^* \quad (\text{Series A})$$

and

$$B_1 B_1^* + B_2 B_2^* + B_3 B_3^* + \dots + B_m B_m^* \quad (\text{Series B})$$

which are to be multiplied are arranged in descending order of the absolute values of the coefficients, that is,

$$|A_1| > |A_2| > |A_3| > \dots > |A_n| \quad \text{and} \quad |B_1| > |B_2| > |B_3| > \dots > |B_m|$$

To facilitate further discussion, we shall denote any term in the A series $A_x A_x^*$, any term in the B series as $B_y B_y^*$, and any term in the resultant series by $C_z C_z^*$, where A_x , B_y and C_z are the coefficient words and A_x^* , B_y^* , and C_z^* are the argument words.

The multiplication of the A series by the B series proceeds as follows: The first term in the A series is multiplied by each term in the B series, then the second term in the A series is multiplied by each term in the B series, and so on until each term in the A series has been multiplied by each term in the B series. For example, $|A_x B_y|$ is compared with some numerical criterion e . If $|A_x B_y| > e$, then $C_z C_z^*$ and $C_{(z+1)} C_{(z+1)}^*$ are generated according to the trigonometric formulas already stated. If $|A_x B_y| \leq e$, then the value of y is examined. If $y > 1$ (i.e., B_y is any term other than the first term), A_x is replaced by $A_{(x+1)}$ and $A_{(x+1)}$ is multiplied by B_1 . If $y = 1$, the multiplication of the two series is terminated since any further $A_{(x+1)} B_y$ will also be less than e . The multiplication process continues until $A_n A_n^*$ has been multiplied by $B_m B_m^*$ unless the numerical criterion or space limitations intervene.

The Collapser

Every multiplication generates two terms of two words each. The purpose of the collapser is to combine like argument terms. Each argument term C_z^* is compared with each other argument term previously generated and stored. If C_z^* equals any other argument term, the corresponding coefficient terms are added. Thus, there is no duplication of terms.

The Arranger

The final step in the multiplication is the arranging of the terms of the series. $|C_1|$ is compared with $|C_2|$, $|C_3|$, etc. If $|C_z| > |C_1|$, then C_1 is replaced by C_z and C_1^* is replaced by C_z^* . The process continues until the terms are arranged, in descending order, according to the absolute value of the coefficients.

Addition and Subtraction

Addition or subtraction of two Fourier series is primarily a process of comparing argument terms and adding the coefficients of like terms. A_1^* is compared successively with B_1^* through B_m^* , A_2^* with B_1^* through B_{r1}^* , etc., until A_n^* has been compared with B_m^* . If $A_x^* = B_y^*$, the sum of the coefficients ($A_x + B_y$) and the argument term A_x^* are stored, and B_y and B_y^* are replaced by zeros. If A_x^* does not equal any B_y^* , both A_x and A_x^* are stored. After all terms in the A series have been compared with all terms in the B series, the remaining B series terms are stored.

Subtraction is accomplished in like manner after changing the signs of each coefficient term in the B series. The resultant series in each case is processed through the arranger.

Differentiation

Differentiation, in this application, is with respect to the F variable. Thus,

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial F}\right) A \sin (iF + jE + kW + lU) = iA \cos (iF + jE + kW + lU).$$

Example:

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial F}\right) \sin (3F + 2E - 3W + U) = +3 \cos (3F + 2E - 3W + U)$$

and

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial F}\right)[10000000 + 01, -03524751 + 08 \text{ becomes } +30000000 + 01, +03524751 + 08.]$$

On completion of the differentiation, the resultant series is processed thru the arranger.

Integration

Integration, in this application, is with respect to E. However, W is also a function of E. Thus,

$$\int A \cos (iF + jE + kW + lU)dE = \frac{A}{c_1 j + c_2 k} \sin (iF + jE + kW + lU).$$

Example:

With $c_1 = 1$ and $c_2 = 1$,

$$\int [30000000 + 01, +01525250 + 08]dE \text{ becomes } 75000000 + 00, -01525250 + 08.$$

The resultant integrated series is also processed through the arranger.

Bar Operation

The bar operation is a special function in the Hansen Satellite Theory. It consists of adding the coefficient of the F argument to the coefficient of the E argument and substituting zero for the F coefficient. Thus,

$$A \cos (iF + jE + kW + lU) \text{ after barring becomes } A \cos (0F + (i + j) E + kW + lU).$$

Example:

$$50000000 + 00, +02534850 + 08 \text{ after barring becomes } 50000000 + 00, +00554850 + 08.$$

Scalar Multiplication

Scalar multiplication is the multiplication of the coefficient A_n of each term by a constant.

Coefficient Extraction

In the Hansen Satellite Theory it is sometimes necessary to use the coefficient of some term of a Fourier series such as a sine 1F term, cosine 2E term, or the constant term of a series. Let us assume it is necessary to use the constant term. If there is a constant term in that series, it will be the multiplier of the $\cos(0)$, or in special form, that A_n word which multiplies 00505050 + 08. We successively compare each argument term in the series with $\cos(0)$ and extract that A_n which multiplies the argument term $\cos(0)$. If no argument term of the series is $\cos(0)$, a normalized zero (10000000 + 00 + 00000000 + 00 + 00505050 + 08), is printed.

Series Evaluation

The numerical values F, E, W, and U are only employed in the Series Evaluation Routine.

To evaluate a Fourier series, the numerical values of i, j, k, and l are multiplied by the numerical values of F, E, W, and U, and the sum $iF + jE + kW + lU$ is determined. The sine or cosine of $iF + jE + kW + lU$ is multiplied by the coefficient A and the terms are added.

CONCLUDING REMARKS

Appendix A is the special representation of a nine term series. Appendix B presents flow charts and Appendix C a listing of instructions for the program packages for multiplication (including the collapser and arranger), addition or subtraction, differentiation, integration, bar operation, scalar multiplication, coefficient extraction, and the evaluation of the final series. Because this program was written in Mystic Code for the IBM 709, an explanation of Mystic Code is given in Appendix D.

The Fourier operating package can be used with any theory that involves representations of functions by Fourier series. It can also be modified to operate with polynomials of the form $X^a Y^b Z^c U^d$.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The author is indebted to Messrs. R. G. Kelly and T. P. Gorman for their aid in the construction of the package and for the translation into Mystic Code and to Aileen Marlo for preparing the flow charts.

Appendix A

Nine Term Series in Standard and Special Form

The following is a nine term series presented in standard and in special form. Note that in the special form, the first location (address) contains the number of terms in the series.

Series in standard representation

```
.29467121 cos (0)
+.00010496334 cos (0F + 0E + 2W + 0U)
+.00005252596 sin (0F + 1E - 1W + 0U)
+.000019845618 cos (0F + 1E - 2W + 0U)
+.0000066329604 cos (0F + 1E + 2W + 0U)
+.0000020107054 cos (0F + 2E - 2W + 0U)
-.00000036004597 sin (0F + 0E + 1W + 0U)
-.000000055052357 sin (0F + 0E + 3W + 0U)
-.000000031090653 sin (0F + 1E + 1W + 0U)
```

Series in special representation

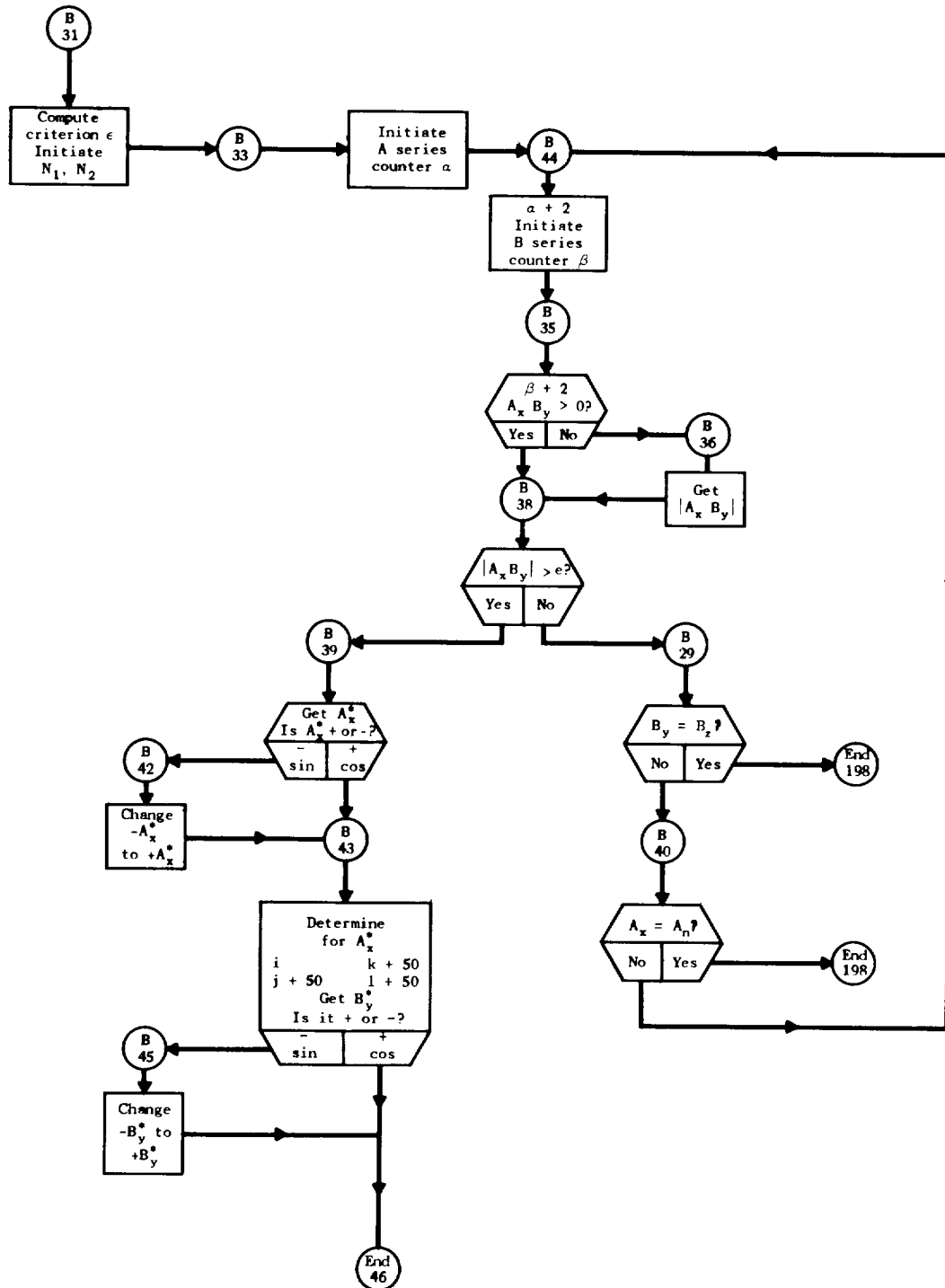
```
90000000 + 01
+29467127+00, +00505050+08
+10496334-03, +00505250+08
+52525962-04, -00514950+08
+19845618-04, +00514850+08
+66329604-05, +00515250+08
-20107054-05, +00524850+06
-36004597-06, -00505150+08
-55052357-07, -00505350+08
-31090653-07, -00515150+08
```


Appendix B

Flow Charts

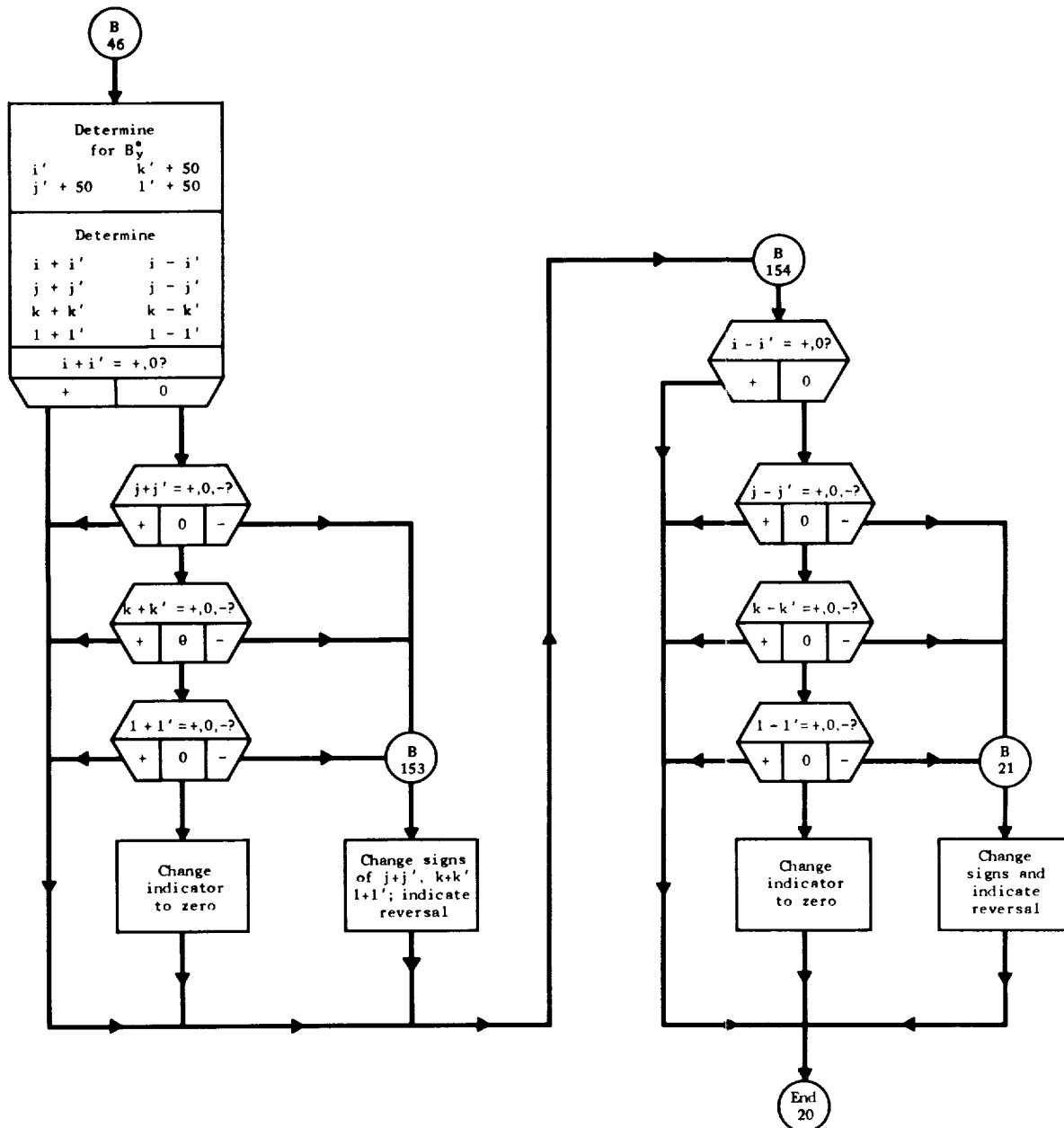
The following are the flow charts for the operating packages for multiplication (including the collapser and the arranger), addition or subtraction, bar operation, differentiation, integration, and series evaluation.

Flow Chart for Multiplication

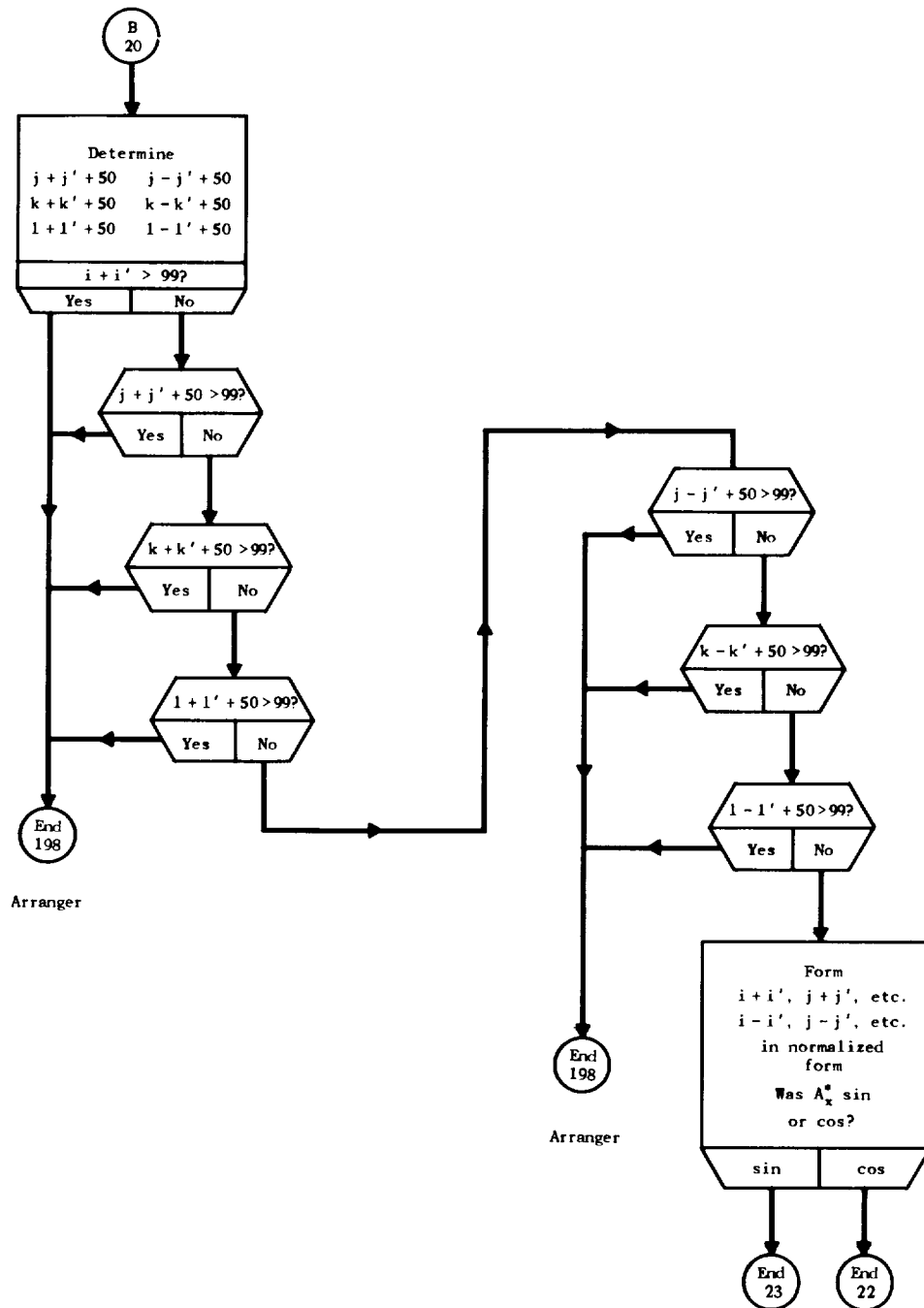


Flow Chart for Multiplication (Continued)

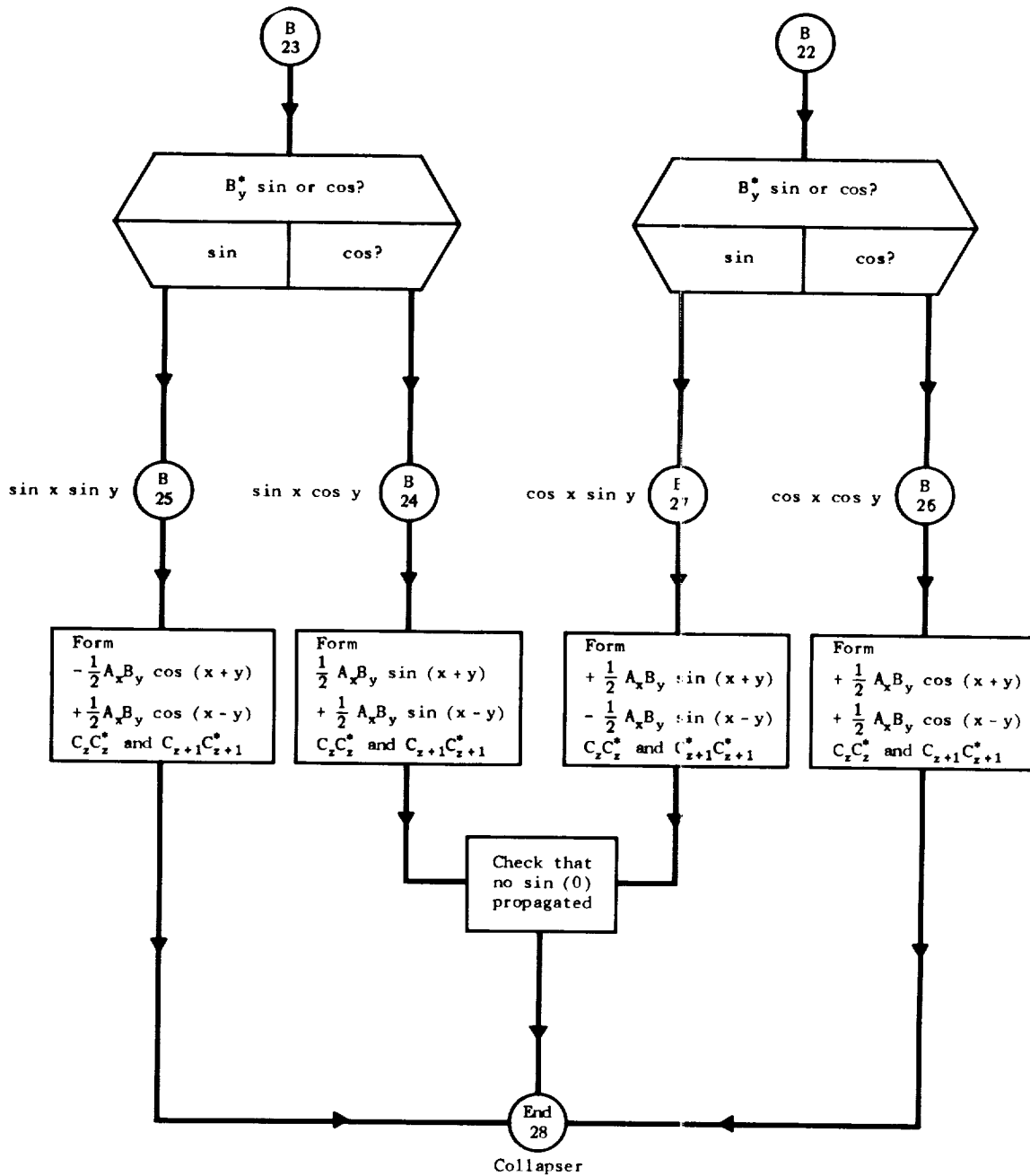
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Flow Chart for Multiplication (Continued)

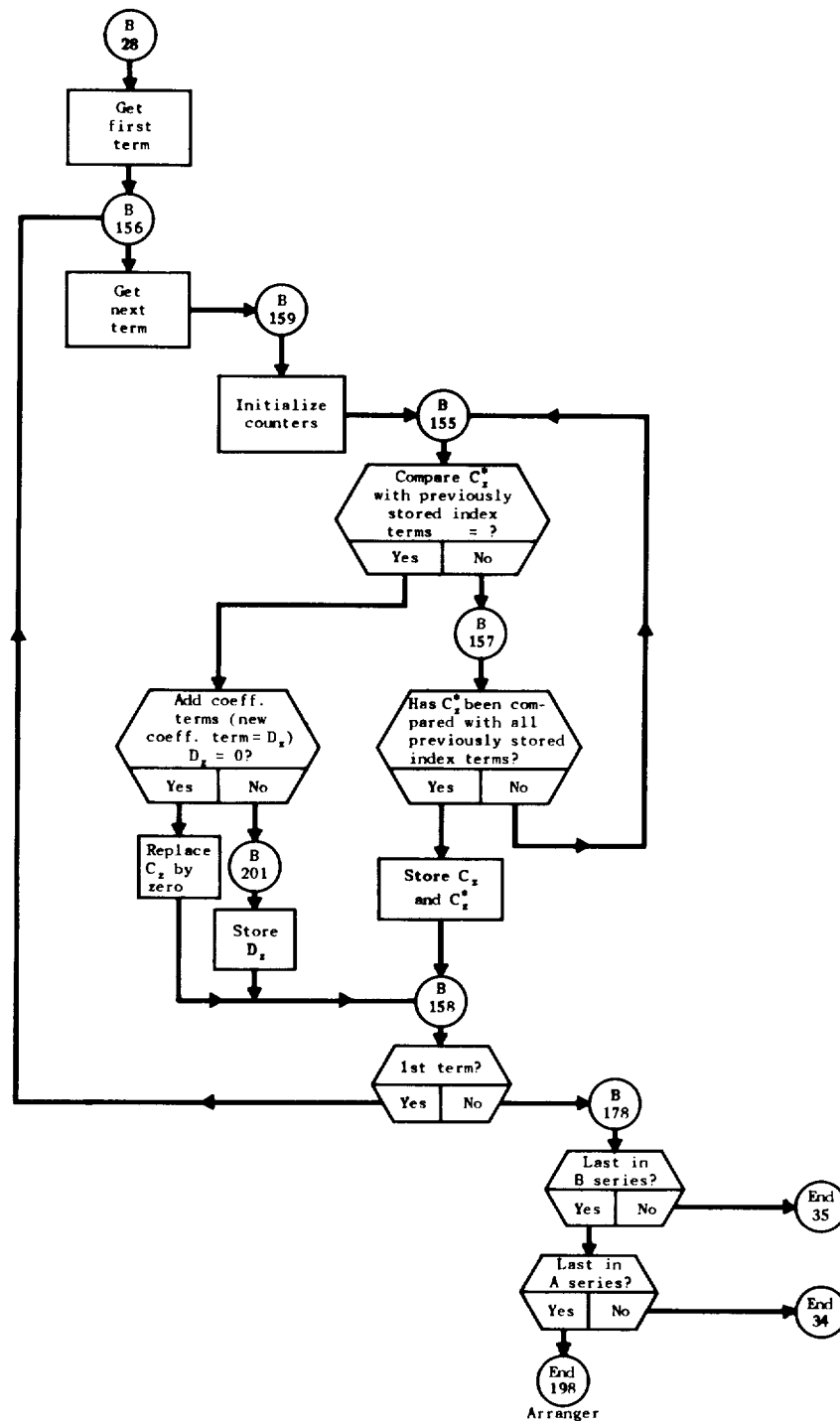


Flow Chart for Multiplication (Continued)



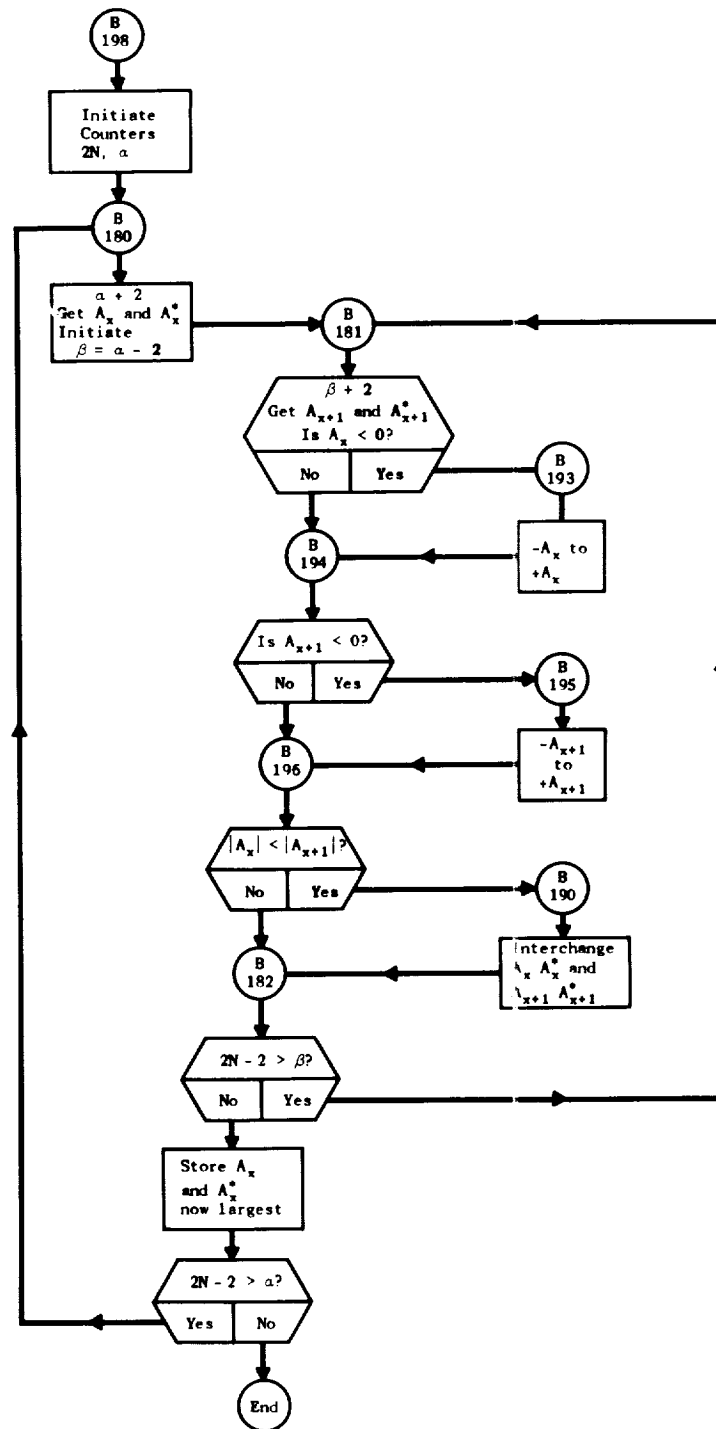
Flow Chart for Multiplication (Continued)

Collapser

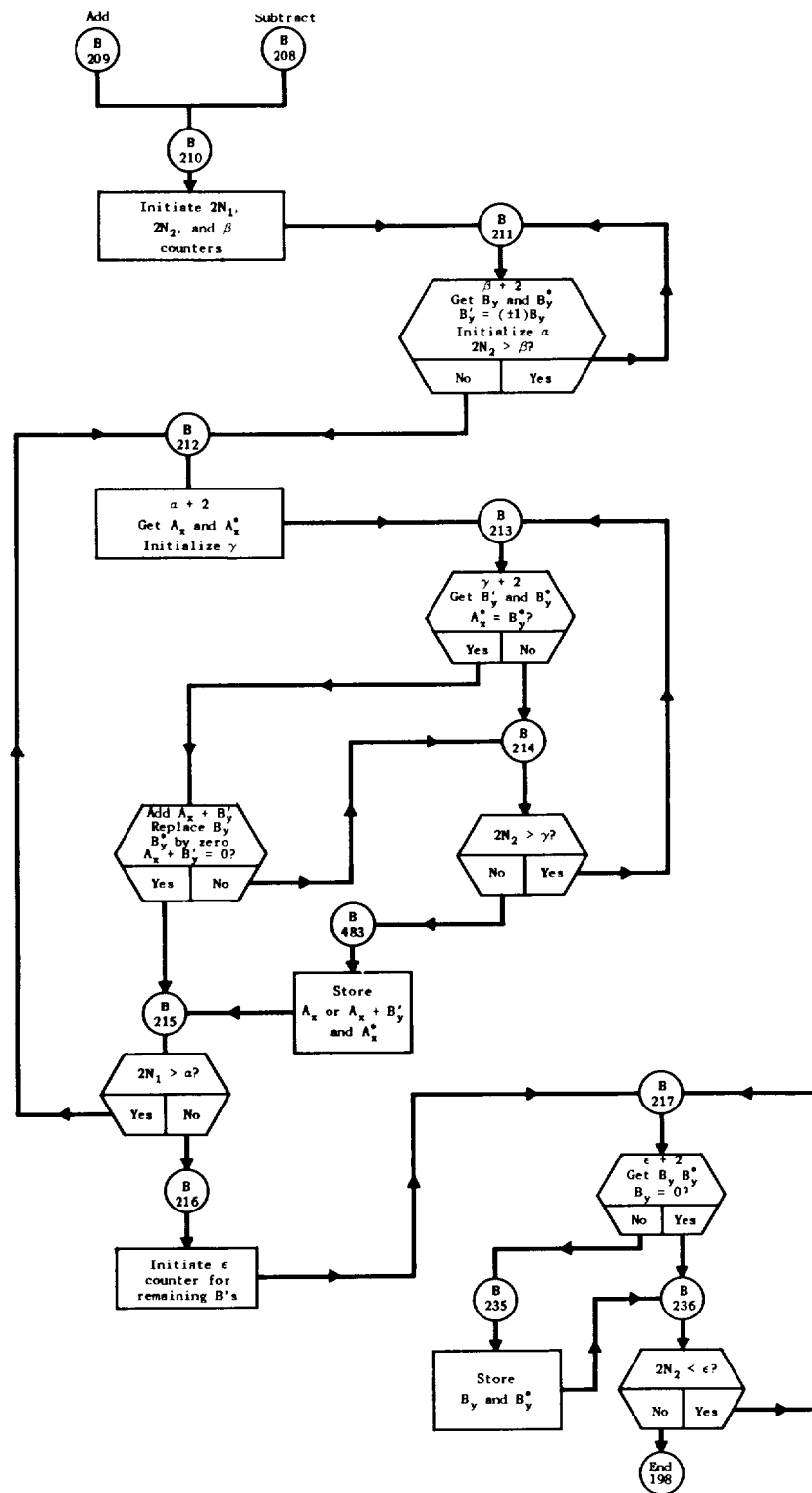


Flow Chart for Multiplication (Continued)

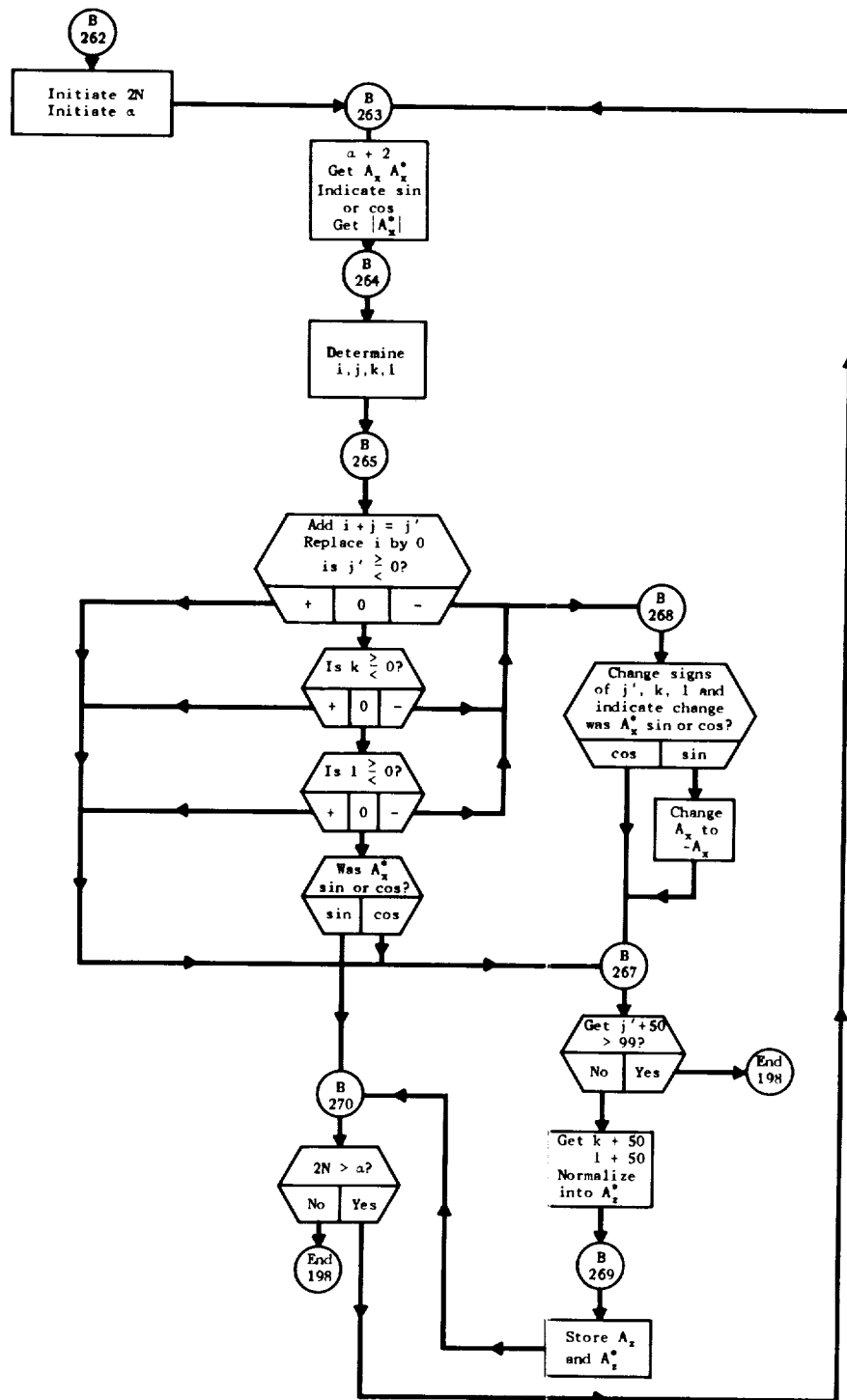
Arranger



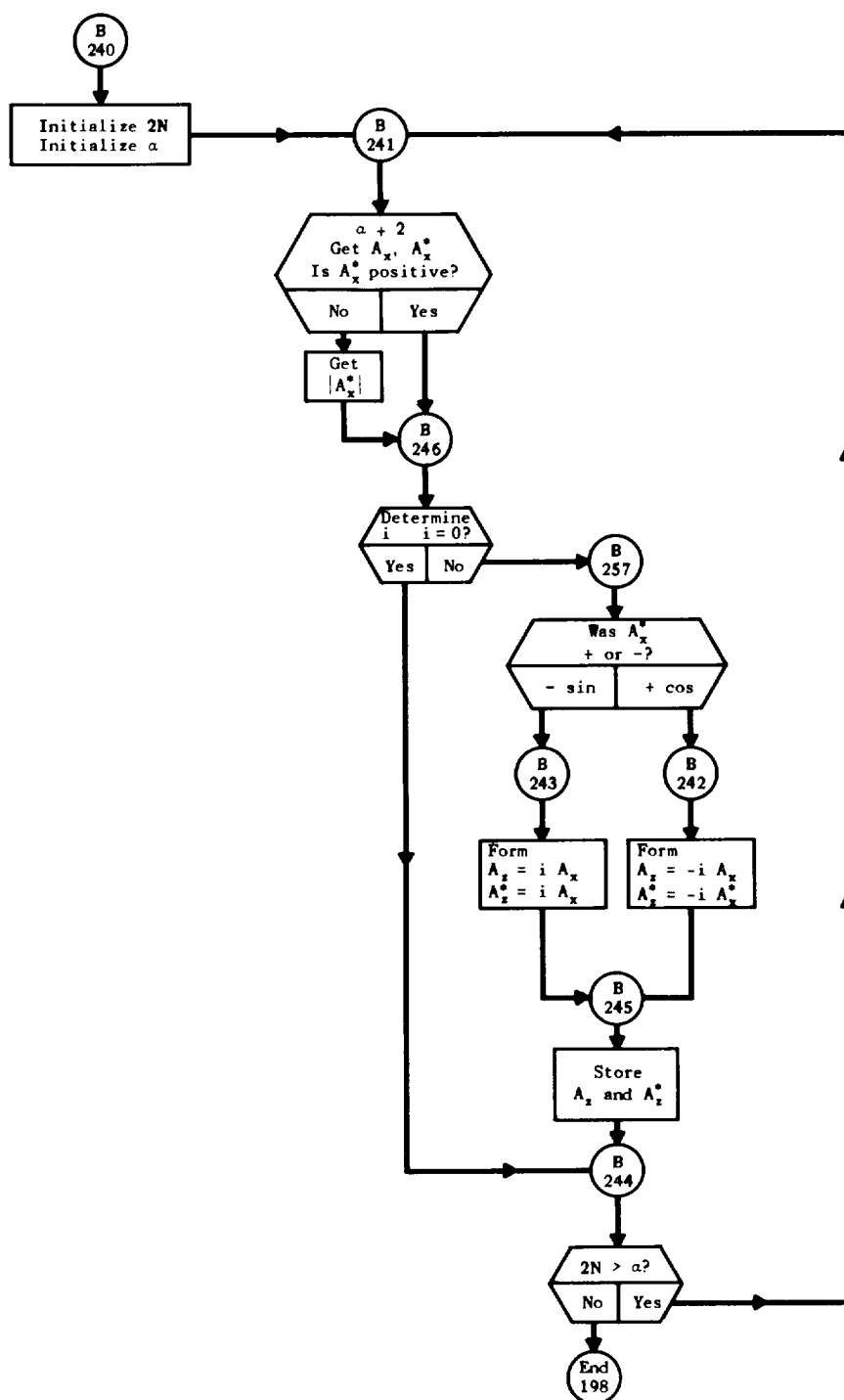
Flow Chart for Addition or Subtraction



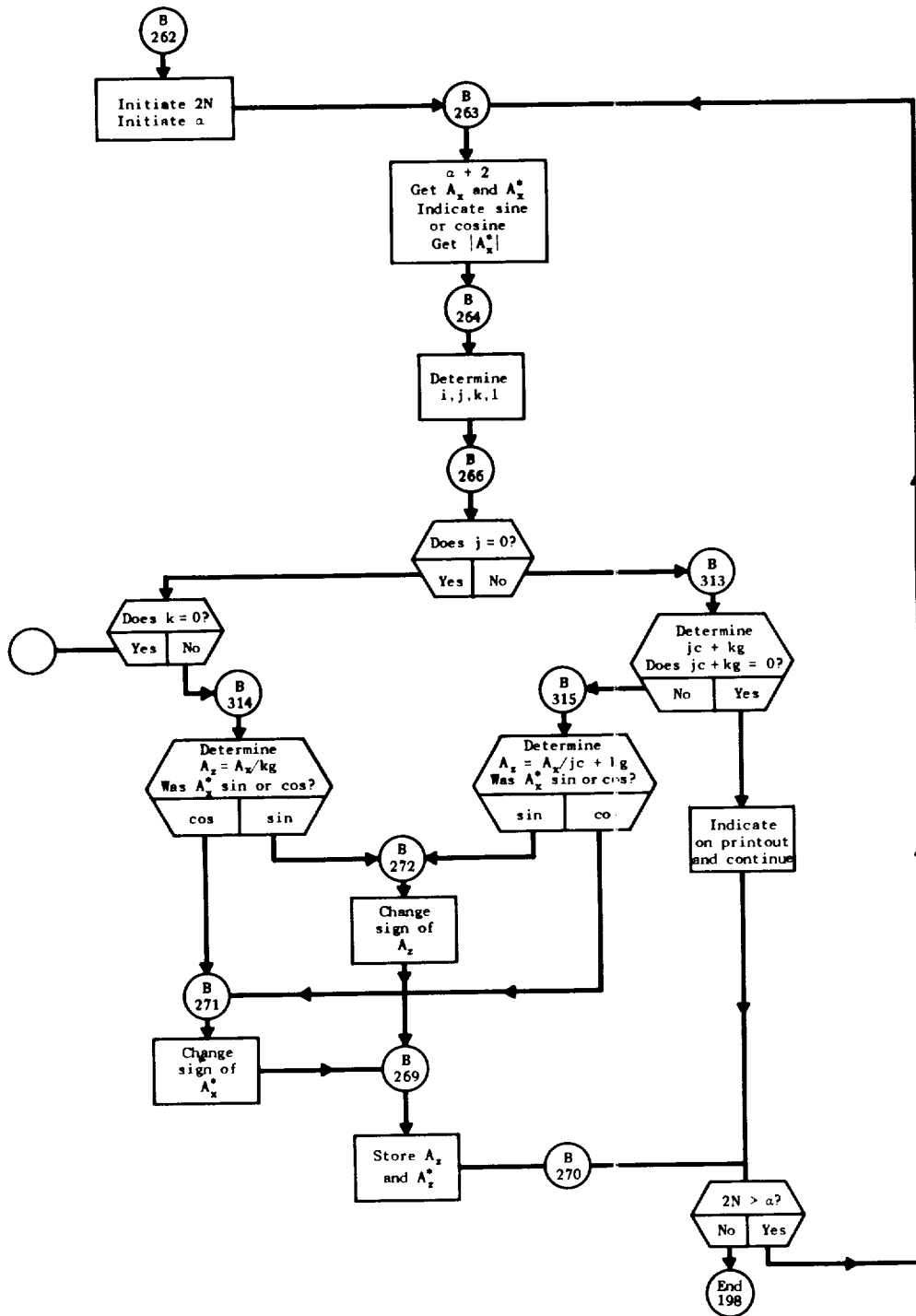
Flow Chart for Bar Operation



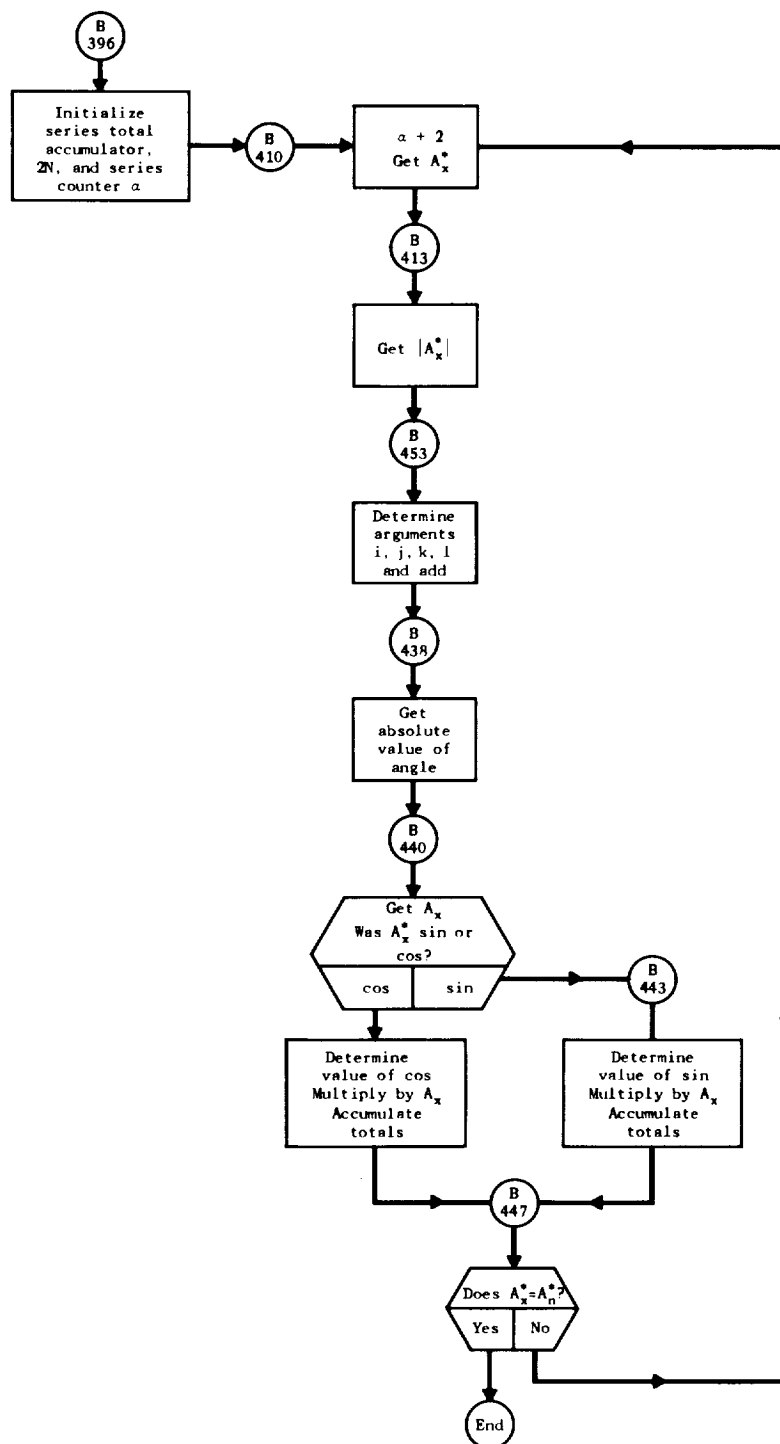
Flow Chart for Differentiation



Flow Chart for Integration



Flow Chart for Series Evaluation



Appendix C

Listing of Instructions

The following is a listing of instructions for multiplication (including the collapser and the arranger), addition or subtraction, differentiation, integration, bar operation, scalar multiplication, and coefficient extraction.

The square root instructions are for standard number representations and therefore have not been discussed in the report.

PAGE001

K= 00000

HANSEN SATELLITE THEORY MLC
ADAPTER PACKAGE

@ 21750
K 00000
K 00050

*R 00001 +00000000+00
V 00005 10000000 01
V 00007 20000000-07
G 00003 00001 00003
C 00003 00005 00006
H 00001 00004 00005
E 00002

*R 00006
A 00008 00007 00007
R 00009 00007
S 00011 00007 00010
C 00007 00003 00012
R 00009 00003

*R 00012
D 00013 00003 00009
A 00014 00009 00013
D 00015 00014 00008
D 00016 00015 00009
R 00009 00015
C 00011 00016 00012
H 00001 00004 00009
F 00002
K 00000

K 00070
*R 00001 17000000-04
V 00009 10000000 01
V 00010 67108864 08
V 00011 15707963 01
V 00012 -64596371 00
V 00013 79689679-01
V 00014 -46737660-02
V 00015 15148400-03
V 00016 +00000000+00
V 00018 +62831853+01
G 00003 00001 00003

ORIGIN CARD

SQUARE ROOT FUNCTION

001
002
003
004
005
006
007
008
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010
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040
041
042

SIN COSINE FUNCTION

K= 00070

R 00020 00010
C 00003 00018 00021
S 00020 00018 00020
S 00003 00018 00003
*B 00021 00003 00019
D 00022 00022 00011
A 00022 00022 00011
S 00022 00022 00011
M 00022 00022 00019
S 00003 00003 00022
M 00003 00003 00020
S 00020 00018 00012
R 00023 00010
*B 00024 +31415926+01
I 00025 00012 00026
C 00003 00018 00025
S 00025 00003 00026
C 00020 00003 00012
D 00003 00003 00003
M 00027 00016 00027
M 00028 00028 00015
A 00028 00028 00027
M 00028 00028 00014
A 00028 00028 00027
M 00028 00028 00013
A 00028 00028 00027
M 00028 00028 00012
A 00028 00028 00023
M 00003 00028 00003
H 00001 00004 00003
F 00002
*B 00026 00003 00025
S 00003 00018 00023
S 00023 00024
F 00024
*B 00005 00005 00007
G 00003 00012 00003
S 00017 00001 00017
F 00017 00008 00017
H 00005 00006

043
044
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071
072
073
074
075
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077
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079
080
081
082
083
084

K = 00070

FOURIER SERIES MOVE

K	0000
K	00100
*B	00001
G	00005
A	00006
H	00001
*R	00007
A	00003
A	00004
G	00005
H	00001
C	00006
F	00002
V	00008
K	00010
*R	00001
R	00080
R	00072
S	00073
S	00074
E	00071
V	00005
K	00005
*B	00001
R	00075
R	00067
S	00068
S	00069
F	00066
V	00005
K	00005
*R	00001
R	00070
R	00062
S	00063
S	00064
F	00061
V	00005
K	00005
*R	00001
R	00057

FOURIER MULTIPLICATION (21)

FOURIER K-MULTIPLICATION (26)

K= 00125

G 00414 00001 00003
S 00059 00004 00005
C 00414 00067 00405 00405
H 00001 00004 00066
H 00002 00004 00067
H 00003 00004 00069
F 00002
V 00005 +55000000+02
K 00005
*B 00001
R 00052 00002
G 00419 00001 00003
S 00054 00004 00005
F 00415
V 00005 +50000000+02
K 00005
*B 00001
R 00055 00305
R 00047 00002
S 00048 00003 00005
S 00049 00004 00005
F 00046
V 00005 +45000000+02
K 00005
*B 00001
R 00042 00002
R 00050 00321
S 00043 00003 00005
S 00044 00004 00005
F 00041
V 00005 +40000000+02
K 00005
*B 00001
R 00037 00002
S 00038 00003 00005
S 00039 00004 00005
R 00045 00315
F 00036
V 00005 +35000000+02
K 00035
*B 00001
A 00013 00015 00015

FOURIER TERM EXTRACTION (31)

FOURIER DIFFERENTIATION (36)

FOURIER INTEGRATION (41)

FOURIER ARGUMENT REPLACEMENT (46)

FOURIER PKG ADAPTER

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PAGE005

K= 001R0

G 00005	00001	00003	169
R 00720	00005		170
A 00005	00005	00005	171
A 00005	00005	00003	172
R 00006	00012		173
*R 00007			174
A 00006	00006	00011	175
C 00006	00013	00016	176
A 00003	00003	00011	177
G 00008	00001	00003	178
H 00720	00006	00008	179
C 00005	00003	00007	180
A 00006	00013	00013	181
I 00008	-10000000+01		182
*R 0001R			183
A 00008	00008	00011	184
H 00920	00008	00012	185
C 00006	00008	00018	186
F 00010			187
*R 00510			188
A 00005	00004	00920	189
A 00005	00005	00920	190
R 00006	00012		191
H 00001	00004	00920	192
C 00920	00012	00009	00009
H 00001	00004	00011	193
H 00002	00004	00012	194
H 00003	00004	00014	195
F 00002			196
*R 00009			197
A 00004	00004	00011	198
A 00006	00006	00011	199
C 00006	00013	00017	200
G 00008	00920	00006	201
H 00001	00004	00008	202
C 00005	00004	00009	203
F 00002			204
V 00011	+10000000+01		205
V 00012	+00000000+00		206
V 00014	+00505050+08		207
V 00015	+98000000+02		208
*R 00016			209
			210

PAGE006

K= 00180

PATS ADAPTER

R 00920 00015
 F 00010
 *R 00017
 S 00004 00004 00006
 H 00001 00004 00015
 F 00002
 K 00020
 V 00006 +00000000+00
 V 00007 +10000000+01
 V 00008 -10000000+01
 V 00009 +20000000+01
 V 00010 -20000000+01
 V 00011 +50000000+00
 V 00012 +67108864+08
 V 00013 +10000000+07
 V 00014 +10000000+05
 V 00015 +10000000+03
 V 00016 +10000000-07
 V 00016 +10000000-10
 V 00016 +10000000-12
 V 00017 +50000000+02
 V 00018 +40000000+01
 V 00019 +19200000+03
 *R 00031
 I 00030 -20000000+01
 A 00030 00030 00009
 G 00049 00500 00030
 G 00050 00700 00030
 G 00051 00501 00030
 G 00052 00701 00030
 M 00053 00051 00052
 M 00054 00053 00016
 P 00054 00016
 C 00006 00054 00032 00033
 F 00033
 *R 00032
 S 00055 00006 00054
 *R 00033
 R 00055 00054
 I 00056 -20000000+01
 *R 00034
 A 00056 00056 00009

CRITERION FOR DROPPING TERMS

(19.= 192

N*1= NO OF TERMS IN A SERIES

N SUB 2

A*1

B SUR 1

211
 212
 213
 214
 215
 216
 217
 218
 219
 220
 221
 222
 223
 224
 225
 226
 227
 228
 229
 230
 231
 232
 233
 234
 235
 236
 237
 238
 239
 240
 241
 242
 243
 244
 245
 246
 247
 248
 249
 250
 251
 252

K = 00200

0	00070	00069	00014	295
A	00071	00070	00012	296
S	00072	00071	00012	297
M	00073	00072	00014	298
S	00074	00069	00073	299
0	00075	00074	00015	300
A	00076	00075	00012	301
S	00077	00076	00012	302
M	00078	00077	00015	303
S	00079	00074	00078	304
A	00080	00079	00012	305
S	00081	00080	00012	306
G	00082	00702	00057	307
C	00082	00006	00044	308
*R	00044			309
R	00083	00007		310
R	00084	00082		311
F	00046			312
*R	00045			313
R	00083	00008		314
S	00084	00006	00082	315
*R	00046			316
D	00085	00084	00013	317
A	00086	00085	00012	318
S	00087	00086	00012	319
M	00088	00087	00012	320
S	00089	00084	00088	321
D	00090	00089	00014	322
A	00091	00090	00012	323
S	00092	00091	00012	324
M	00093	00092	00014	325
S	00094	00089	00093	326
D	00095	00094	00015	327
A	00096	00095	00012	328
S	00097	00096	00012	329
M	00098	00097	00015	330
S	00099	00094	00098	331
A	00100	00099	00012	332
S	00101	00100	00012	333
S	00102	00072	00017	334
S	00103	00077	00017	335
S	00104	00081	00017	336

B*

K= 00200

S 00105	00092	00017	337
S 00106	00097	00017	338
S 00107	00101	00017	339
A 00108	00102	00105	340
A 00109	00103	00106	341
A 00110	00104	00107	342
S 00111	00102	00105	343
S 00112	00103	00106	344
S 00113	00104	00107	345
A 00114	00067	00087	346
R 00160	00007		347
R 00200	00007		348
C 00114	00006	00154	349
C 00108	00006	00154	350
C 00109	00006	00154	351
C 00110	00006	00154	352
R 00200	00006		353
F 00154			354
*B 00153			355
S 00108	00006	00108	356
S 00109	00006	00109	357
S 00110	00006	00110	358
R 00160	00008		359
*A 00154			360
S 00115	00067	00087	361
R 00116	00007		362
R 00372	00007		363
C 00115	00006	00020	364
C 00111	00006	00020	365
C 00112	00006	00020	366
C 00113	00006	00020	367
R 00372	00006		368
F 00020			369
*R 00021			370
S 00111	00006	00111	371
S 00112	00006	00112	372
S 00113	00006	00113	373
S 00115	00006	00115	374
R 00116	00008		375
*R 00020			376
A 00117	00108	00017	377
A 00118	00109	00017	378

K= 00200

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A 00119 00110 00017
A 00120 00111 00017
A 00121 00112 00017
A 00122 00113 00017
V 00495 +99000000+02
C 00114 00495 00198
C 00117 00495 00198
C 00118 00495 00198
C 00119 00495 00198
C 00120 00495 00198
C 00121 00495 00198
C 00122 00495 00198
C 00007 00117 00198
C 00007 00118 00198
C 00007 00119 00198
C 00007 00120 00198
C 00007 00121 00198
C 00007 00122 00198
M 00123 00114 00013
M 00124 00117 00014
M 00125 00118 00015
A 00126 00125 00119
A 00127 00126 00124
A 00128 00127 00123
M 00129 00115 00013
M 00130 00120 00014
M 00131 00121 00015
A 00132 00131 00122
A 00133 00132 00130
A 00134 00133 00129
C 00063 00006 00022 00023
F 00198
*R 00023
C 00083 00006 00024 00025
F 00198
*R 00025
R 00135 00060
M 00136 00135 00011
R 00137 00128
R 00138 00136
R 00139 00134
S 00136 00006 00136

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I+I GREATER THAN 99 END
J+J+50 GREATER THAN 99 END
K+K+50 GREATER THAN 99 END
L+L+50 GREATER THAN 99 END
J-J+50 GREATER THAN 99 END
K-K+50 GREATER THAN 99 END
L-L+50 GREATER THAN 99 END
J+J+50 LESS THAN 1 FND
K+K+50 LESS THAN 1 END
L+L+50 LESS THAN 1 END
J-J+50 LESS THAN 1 END
K-K+50 LESS THAN 1 FND
L-L+50 LESS THAN 1 END

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K=00200

[illegible]

PAGE013

K= 00200

```

G 00185 00899 00183
G 00186 00900 00183
*B 00181
A 00184 00184 00009
G 00187 00901 00184
G 00188 00902 00184
C 00006 00185 00193
R 00191 00185
*B 00194
C 00006 00187 00195
R 00192 00187
*B 00196
C 00191 00192 00182 00190
F 00182
*B 00190
H 00901 00184 00185
H 00902 00184 00186
R 00185 00187
R 00186 00188
*B 00182
C 00197 00184 00181
H 00899 00183 00185
H 00900 00183 00186
C 00183 00019 00499
C 00197 00183 00180 00499
F 00499
R 00900 00017
R 00361 00008
F 00499
*B 00193
S 00191 00006 00185
F 00194
*B 00195
S 00192 00006 00187
E 00196
FOURIER ADD + SUBTRACT
*B 00209
I 00207 +10000000+01
F 00210
*B 00208
I 00207 -10000000+01
*B 00210

INTERCHANGE A1+X
INTERCHANGE A*1+A*X

STORE LARGEST A
STORE LARGEST A*

2N-2 GREATER THAN 183 -180

(361)=-1 IND. OVERFLOW

```

K= 00200

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M 00218 00500 00009
M 00219 00700 00009
I 00900 +00000000+00
I 00223 +00000000+00
I 00221 +00000000+00
*R 00211
A 00223 00223 00009
G 00224 00699 00223
G 00225 00700 00223
M 00224 00224 00207
H 00699 00223 00224
H 00700 00223 00225
C 00219 00223 00211
I 00220 +00000000+00
*B 00212
A 00220 00220 00009
G 00226 00499 00220
G 00227 00500 00220
I 00222 +00000000+00
*R 00213
A 00222 00222 00009
G 00228 00699 00222
G 00229 00700 00222
C 00227 00229 00214 00214
A 00226 00226 00228
H 00699 00222 00006
H 00700 00222 00006
C 00226 00006 00214 00214
F 00215
*R 00214
C 00219 00222 00213
C 00226 00006 00483 00483
F 00215
*R 00483
A 00221 00221 00009
A 00900 00900 00007
H 00899 00221 00226
H 00900 00221 00227
*R 00215
C 00218 00220 00212
*R 00216
I 00230 +00000000+00

2N*1
2N SUB 2
N SUB 3 COUNTER
BTRNST COUNTER
STORAGE COUNTER

B
B*
+B FOR ADD
STORE B
STORE B*
(220)= A COUNTER

A
A**
B COUNTER = 0 @ORIGINALY

UPDATE B COUNTER BY 2
RX
B*
A*=B* GO TO 214

2N

UPDATE STOR. CTR. BY 2

STORE A
STORF A*

2N*1 GET A*X+1
(230)= COUNTER FOR B SERIES STILL STOR

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K = 00200

LINE	ADDRESS	OPERATION	DATA	COMMENT
00012	00217	*R	00217	
00015	00230	A	00230 00009	
00015	00231	G	00231 00699 00230	
00292	00232	G	00232 00700 00230	
00012	00231	C	00231 00006 00235 00235	
00012	00236	F	00236	
00017	00235	*R	00235	
00017	00221	A	00221 00009	
00017	00900	A	00900 00900 00007	
00017	00899	H	00899 00221 00231	
00265	00900	H	00900 00221 00232	
00296	00236	*R	00236	
00296	00219	C	00219 00230 00217	
00267	00198	E	00198	
00267	00240	*R	00240	
00267	00247	I	00247 +000000000+00	
00258	00248	I	00248 +000000000+00	
00267	00900	I	00900 +000000000+00	
00267	00255	M	00255 00700 00009	
00300	00241	*R	00241	
00297	00247	A	00247 00247 00009	
00298	00256	R	00256 00007	
00267	00249	G	00249 00699 00247	
00312	00250	G	00250 00700 00247	
00017	00250	C	00250 00006 00246	
00198	00250	S	00250 00006 00250	
00017	00256	R	00256 00008	
00017	00246	*R	00246	
00017	00251	D	00251 00250 00013	
00017	00251	A	00251 00251 00012	
00015	00251	S	00251 00251 00012	
00014	00251	C	00251 00006 00257	
00303	00244	F	00244	
00305	00257	*R	00257	
00258	00256	C	00256 00006 00242 00243	
00007	00243	*R	00243	
00009	00252	M	00252 00249 00251	
00280	00253	R	00253 00250	
00307	00245	F	00245	
00307	00242	*R	00242	
00307	00252	M	00252 00249 00251	
00307	00252	M	00252 00249 00251	

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K= 00200

000000+00
000000+00
06 00313 00313
06 00314 00314
08
A0
81 00258
J=0+K=0
KG
A/KG
SIN @R C@S
JC
KG
JC+KG
JC+KG=0
IND. @N PRINT @UT BUT @ONTINUE
A/JC+KG
SIN @R C@S
A/JC+KG @R -A/KG
A*
(339)= @ONSTANT
@ONSTANT @ULTIPLY
(331)= ST@R@GE @@UNTER
(331)+2
@A
ST@RE A

Appendix D

Mystic Code

The Fourier Operating Package described in this report was written for the IBM 709 in Mystic Code. The following is an explanation of the Mystic Code.

MYSTIC CODE PAGE001

K= 00000

06/20/61

C 0DF

REMARKS

A X Y Z

ADD COMMAND (Y) + (Z) GO INTO LOCATION X. THAT IS,
ADD (Y) TO (Z) AND STORE THE RESULT IN X.

*B X

BEGIN POINT PSEUDO COMMAND. THE SEQUENCE OF INSTRUCTIONS WHICH FOLLOW A BEGIN X IS ENTERED FROM AT LEAST TWO PARTS OF THE CODING. ENTRANCE TO A BEGIN INSTRUCTION CAN BE FROM THE INSTRUCTION PRECEDING IT (I.E., A SEQUENTIAL ENTRANCE), FROM A COMPARE COMMAND OR FROM AN END COMMAND. THIS INSTRUCTION MAY BE THOUGHT OF AS STATING THAT THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS MAY BE ENTERED BY A TRANSFER TO LOCATION X.

C X Y Z

COMPARE (X) WITH (Y). IF (X) IS GREATER THAN (Y), GO TO LOCATION Z AND EXECUTE THE INSTRUCTIONS WHICH FOLLOW THE B Z OR N Z. IF (X) EQUALS OR IS LESS THAN (Y), EXECUTE THE NEXT INSTRUCTION IN SEQUENCE.

C X Y Z Z*

COMPARE (X) WITH (Y). IF (X) IS GREATER THAN (Y), GO TO LOCATION Z AND EXECUTE THE INSTRUCTIONS WHICH FOLLOW THE B Z OR N Z. IF (X) IS LESS THAN (Y), GO TO LOCATION Z* AND EXECUTE THE INSTRUCTIONS WHICH FOLLOW THE B Z* OR N Z*. IF (X) EQUALS (Y), EXECUTE THE NEXT INSTRUCTION IN SEQUENCE.

D X Y Z

DIVIDE COMMAND. (Y)/(Z) GO INTO LOCATION X. THAT IS, DIVIDE (Y) BY (Z) AND STORE THE RESULT IN X.

E X

EXIT COMMAND. UNCONDITIONAL TRANSFER TO THE SET OF INSTRUCTIONS WHICH FOLLOW B X OR N X.

F X Y Z

FUNCTION COMMAND.
THIS INSTRUCTION ENABLES ONE TO TRANSFER TO A FUNCTION AND AFTER ITS EXECUTION, CONTINUE TO THE NEXT INSTRUCTION IN SEQUENCE FOLLOWING THE FUNCTION STATEMENT. Y IS THE LOCATION OF THE FIRST BEGIN INSTRUCTION (B 1) IN A FUNCTION. NORMALLY Z IS THE LOCATION OF THE INSTRUCTION

K= 00000

FUNCTION, WHILE X IS THE LOCATION OF THE OUTPUT. HOWEVER, THE REQUIREMENTS OF FUNCTIONS DIFFER FROM FUNCTION TO FUNCTION AND EACH ONE USED MUST HAVE ITS REQUIREMENTS MET BEFORE TRANSFERRING TO IT. (NOTE. FUNCTIONS ARE SOMETIMES REFERRED TO AS SUB-ROUTINES.)

G X Y Z
GET COMMAND. THE CONTENTS OF A LOCATION EQUAL TO (Z) + Y GO IN TO LOCATION X. THAT IS, REPLACE THE CONTENTS OF LOCATION X BY THE CONTENTS OF Y + (Z).

H X Y Z
HOLD COMMAND. THE CONTENTS OF LOCATION Z GO INTO A LOCATION = X + (Y). THAT IS, REPLACE THE CONTENTS OF X + (Y) BY THE CONTENTS OF Z.

I X SY YYYYYYSEE
INITIALIZE COMMAND. SET THE CONTENTS OF X = S.YYYYYYY TIMES 10 EXP SFF. S= PLANK OR + MEANS POSITIVE VALUE, S= - MEANS NEGATIVE VALUE IN THE MANTISSA. S IN THE EXPONENT USES THE SAME SIGN NOTATION.

K X
KEY ADDRESS PSFUDQ COMMAND.
X=0, SET THE K COUNTER TO ZERO. WHEN X DOES NOT EQUAL ZERO, THE KEY ADDRESS IS INCREASED BY X. THAT IS, THE K COUNTER + X GOES INTO THE K COUNTER. THE K COUNTER IS USED TO RELOCATE FUNCTIONS. THE K COUNTER IS ADDED TO THE ADDRESS OF EACH INSTRUCTION DURING COMPILATION, UNLESS THE ADDRESS IS IN THE LEFT HAND ADDRESS OF A Q COMMAND. THE K COMMAND CLEARS THE Q TABLE DURING COMPILATION.

L X Y Z F1 F2...F18, I1, I2, ...I18.
Z= CA, LOAD F1 COLUMNS OF DATA INTO LOCATION X, THEN LOAD F2 COLUMNS OF DATA INTO LOCATION X+1, ETC. TO MAXIMUM OF 18 FIELDS OR 72 COLUMNS. T1, T2, ...T18 DESCRIBE THE WAY THE DATA IS STORED IN X, X+1, ETC. THE TYPE OF DATA STORED IS NUMERIC OR ALPHABETIC. IF IT IS NUMERIC, THE CORRESPONDING TYPE CODE IS N. IF IT IS ALPHABETIC, THE CORRESPONDING TYPE CODE IS

D-1078

D-1078

PAGE003

MYSTIC CODE

K= 07000

A. TYPE OF DATA CODE ALSO INCLUDES S FOR SKIP. WHEN THE SKIP TYPE IS USED, THIS DOES NOT INVOLVE DATA STORED IN A WORD. THUS, IF T1 IS TYPE S, T2 IS TYPE N, THE L COMMAND READS THE DATA FROM THE F2 COLUMN INTO WORD X. THE COLUMNS ARE READ STARTING FROM THE LEFT ALWAYS. SKIP FIELDS TO THE RIGHT OF ALL OTHER DATA NEED NOT BE DEFINED IN THE L COMMAND. THE FIRST BLANK FIELD MEANS THE REST OF THE CARD IS SKIPPED. THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS OF TYPE A MUST NOT EXCEED 4 PER FIELD. THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS OF TYPE N MUST NOT EXCEED 9 PER FIELD INCLUDING THE SIGN. THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS OF TYPE S MUST NOT EXCEED 15 PER FIELD. IF 1 CARD IS TO BE LOADED ACCORDING TO THE GIVEN FORMAT, (Y) = 1. IF 1 CARDS ARE TO BE LOADED ACCORDING TO THE GIVEN FORMAT, (Y) = 1. THE NUMBER OF CARDS, THE DATA FOR EACH CARD IS CONSECUTIVELY STORED IN THE SAME WAY AS THAT FOR THE FIRST. THE DATA FOR THE FIRST WORD OF INPUT FROM CARD J+1 FOLLOWS CONSECUTIVELY THE LAST WORD OF INPUT FROM CARD J. (Y) MUST BE AN INTEGER THAT IS AT LEAST 1.

Z= TA ,LOAD TAPE B1 BCD. SAME FORMAT DESCRIPTION
 Z= TB ,LOAD TAPE B2 BCD. AS ABOVE IN Z= CA,
 Z= TC ,LOAD TAPE B3 BCD. REPLACING CARD BY BCD
 Z= TD ,LOAD TAPE B4 BCD. RECORD AND LOAD BY
 Z= TE ,LOAD TAPE B5 BCD. THE APPROPRIATE READ
 Z= TF ,LOAD TAPE B6 BCD. TAPE DESIGNATION.
 Z= TG ,LOAD TAPE B7 BCD.

Z= TA ,(Y) = 1 , BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
 Z= TB ,(Y) = 1 , BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
 Z= TC ,(Y) = 1 , BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
 Z= TD ,(Y) = 1 , BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
 Z= TE ,(Y) = 1 , BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
 Z= TF ,(Y) = 1 , BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
 Z= TG ,(Y) = 1 , BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.

IF I = 0, THE COMMAND IS TO BACKSPACE A FILE.
 IF I = -N THE COMMAND IS TO BACKSPACE N RECORDS.

Z= CAB, LOAD INTO X,X+1,ETC. BINARY CARDS
 HAVING THE NUMBER OF WORDS SPECIFIED

L X Y Z

MYSTIC CODE

K= 07000

IN THE CONTENTS OF Y.
 Z= TAB, LOAD TAPE B1 BINARY.
 Z= TBB, LOAD TAPE B2 BINARY.
 Z= TCB, LOAD TAPE B3 BINARY.
 Z= TUB, LOAD TAPE B4 BINARY.
 Z= TEB, LOAD TAPE B5 BINARY.
 Z= TFB, LOAD TAPE B6 BINARY.
 Z= TGB, LOAD TAPE B7 BINARY.

LOAD INTO X,X+1,ETC.
 A BINARY RECORD
 HAVING THE NUMBER
 OF WORDS SPECIFIED
 IN THE CONTENTS OF
 Y.

M X Y Z

MULTIPLY COMMAND. (Y) TIMES (Z) GOES INTO X.
 THAT IS, THE PRODUCT (Y)(Z) REPLACES THE
 CONTENTS OF X.

N X

NOTE COMMAND. NOTE THAT THE FOLLOWING COMMAND
 SEQUENCE BEGINS WITH X. N X IS NORMALLY USED
 TO BEGIN SEVERAL COMMAND SEQUENCES. THE N X
 EXECUTED LATEST IS THE COMMAND SEQUENCE TO
 BE FOLLOWED WHEN AN UNCONDITIONAL TRANSFER
 OR A CONDITIONAL TRANSFER TO X IS MADE. THE N X
 IS A VARIABLE CONNECTOR.

O X

ORIGIN COMMAND. THE COMPILATION WILL GENERATE
 MACHINE LANGUAGE CODE FROM LOCATION X TO A
 MAXIMUM OF 30,000.

P X Y Z

F1 ,F2, . . . F18,T1,T2, . . . T18.

Z= CA, PUNCH F1 COLUMNS OF DATA FROM LOCATION X, THEN
 PUNCH F2 COLUMNS OF DATA FROM LOCATION X+1,
 ETC. TO MAXIMUM OF 18 FIELDS OR 72 COLUMNS.
 T1, T2, . . . T18 DESCRIBE THE WAY THE DATA IS
 STORED IN X,X+1,ETC. THE TYPE OF DATA STORED
 IS NUMERIC OR ALPHABETIC. IF IT IS NUMERIC,
 THE CORRESPONDING TYPE CODE IS N. IF IT IS
 ALPHABETIC, THE CORRESPONDING TYPE CODE IS
 A. TYPE OF DATA CODE ALSO INCLUDES S FOR
 SKIP. WHEN THE SKIP TYPE IS USED, THIS
 DOES NOT INVOLVE DATA STORED IN A WORD.
 THUS, IF T1 IS TYPE S, T2 IS TYPE N, THE
 P COMMAND GETS THE DATA FOR THE F2 COLUMNS
 FROM WORD X. THE COLUMNS ARE BUILT UP STARTING
 FROM THE LEFT ALWAYS. SKIP FIELDS TO THE RIGHT
 OF ALL OTHER DATA NEED NOT BE DEFINED IN THE

MYSTIC CODE

K= 07000

P COMMAND. THE FIRST BLANK FIELD MEANS THE REST OF THE CARD IS SKIPPED. THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS OF TYPE A MUST NOT EXCEED 4 PER FIELD. THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS OF TYPE N MUST EXCEED 9 PER FIELD INCLUDING THE SIGN. THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS OF TYPE S MUST NOT EXCEED 15 PER FIELD. IF 1 CARD IS TO BE PUNCHED ACCORDING TO THE GIVEN FORMAT, (Y) = 1. IF 1 CARDS ARE TO BE PUNCHED ACCORDING TO THE GIVEN FORMAT, (Y) = 1. THE NUMBER OF CARDS. THE DATA FOR EACH CARD MUST BE CONSECUTIVELY STORED IN THE SAME WAY AS THAT FOR THE FIRST. THE DATA FOR THE FIRST WORD OF OUTPUT FOR CARD J+1 MUST FOLLOW CONSECUTIVELY THE LAST WORD OF OUTPUT FOR CARD J. (Y) MUST BE AN INTEGER THAT IS AT LEAST

Z = PA, PRINT. INSERT PRINT FOR PUNCH IN THE DESCRIPTION ABOVE TO INTERPRET AN INSTRUCTION TO PRINT ON THE ON-LINE PRINTER. LINE REPLACES CARD IN THE EXPLANATION ABOVE.

Z = TA, WRITE TAPE B1 BCD. SAME FORMAT DESCRIPTION
Z = TB, WRITE TAPE B2 BCD. AS ABOVE IN Z = CA,
Z = TC, WRITE TAPE B3 BCD. REPLACING CARD BY BCD
Z = TD, WRITE TAPE B4 BCD. RECORD AND PUNCH BY
Z = TE, WRITE TAPE B5 BCD. THE APPROPRIATE WRITE
Z = TF, WRITE TAPE B6 BCD. TAPE DESIGNATION.
Z = TG, WRITE TAPE B7 BCD.

Z = TA, (Y) = 1, BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
Z = TB, (Y) = 1, BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
Z = TC, (Y) = 1, BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
Z = TD, (Y) = 1, BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
Z = TE, (Y) = 1, BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
Z = TF, (Y) = 1, BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.
Z = TG, (Y) = 1, BLANK F1 THROUGH F18 AND T1 TO T18.

IF I = 0, THE COMMAND IS TO WRITE AN END OF FILE MARK ON THE APPROPRIATE TAPE.

IF I = -1, THE COMMAND IS TO REWIND THE APPROPRIATE TAPE.

P X Y Z

Z = CAB, PUNCH FROM X,X+1,ETC. UP TO THE NUMBER OF WORDS SPECIFIED IN (Y) TO CARDS IN BINARY FORM.

Z = TAB, WRITE TAPE B1 BINARY. WRITE FROM X,X+1,
Z = TBB, WRITE TAPE B2 BINARY. ETC. UP TO THE

K= 07000

Z= TCB, WRITE TAPE B3 BINARY.
 Z= TDB, WRITE TAPE B4 BINARY.
 Z= TEB, WRITE TAPE B5 BINARY.
 Z= TFB, WRITE TAPE B6 BINARY.
 Z= TGB, WRITE TAPE B7 BINARY.

THE Q COMMAND ENABLES ONE TO FIX ADDRESSES. THE K COUNTER MODIFIES EVERY ADDRESS EXCEPT EACH ONE EQUAL TO AN X IN A Q COMMAND. EACH SUCH ADDRESS IS THEN CHANGED DURING COMPILATION TO THE ADDRESS GIVEN IN THE Y ADDRESS OF THE Q COMMAND. THE Q TABLE IS CLEARED BY A K COMMAND DURING COMPILATION. THIS ENABLES ONE TO HAVE A SEPARATE Q TABLE FOR EACH FUNCTION. THE Q COMMAND MUST PRECEDE THE INSTRUCTIONS IT IS TO CONTROL. IT IS GOOD PRACTICE TO HAVE THE Q COMMANDS PRECEDE ANY OTHER INSTRUCTIONS WHICH FOLLOW A K COMMAND.

Q X Y

REPLACE COMMAND.
 REPLACE THE CONTENTS OF X BY THE CONTENTS OF Y.

R X Y

SUBTRACT COMMAND. REPLACE THE CONTENTS OF X BY
 (Y) - (Z).

S X Y Z

TITLE COMMAND. THE CHARACTERS IN A TITLE COMMAND MAY GO FROM COL.2 TO COL.71. THEY CONTROL COL. 1 TO COL.70 OF AN OUTPUT CARD, PRINTER LINE, OR BCD LISTED LINE. A TITLE COMMAND NEED NOT PRECEDE EACH P COMMAND. THE LATEST T EXECUTED IS THE ONE IN POWER. IF NO TITLE INFORMATION IS DESIRED FOR THE OUTPUT, THE T COMMAND SHOULD HAVE COL. 2 TO 71 BLANK. IF TITLE INFORMATION IS DESIRED, IT SHOULD BE ARRANGED SO THAT IT WILL CONTROL ONLY BLANK COLUMNS OF THE P COMMAND.

T XX...X

VALUE PSEUDO COMMAND. THE VALUE REPRESENTED AS A NORMALIZED FLOATING POINT NUMBER IS STORED IN X DURING COMPILATION. THE VALUE COMMAND IS EXECUTED ONLY DURING COMPILING. SEE INITIALIZE COMMAND FOR FORMAT OF VALUE.

V X SY YYYYYYYSEE

WORD PSEUDO COMMAND. THE WORD YYYY IS STORED IN ALPHABETIC

W X YY YY

PAGE007

MYSTIC CODE

K= 07000

CODE IN LOCATION X. YYYY MAY BE NUMERIC OR ALPHABETIC
CHARACTERS.

0255 CARDS

4H

D-1078